GlobalSat under UN Framework Public-Private Partnership (PPP)





GlobalSat for Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR)

To Fulfill
Sustainable Development Commitments
In the Post-2015 Framework

A New Global Platform

A Consolidating Role
In the Implementation of Sendai Framework for DRR:

2015-2030

14-16 September 2015

14-16 September 2015 Beijing, China5

Risk Reduction Activities Thrive Through Analysis of data

Disaster Monitoring & Reduction Activities

Require Data from a Suite of Sensors
With Different Capabilities and
With Ability to Provide Global Coverage.

No Single Satellite

Can Carry Such Complete Set of Sensors

No Single Country

Can Afford to Develop
Such Complete Set of Sensors &
Satellite Systems

The Time Has Come

To Create a Low Barrier of Entry, Common Shared Platform, That Allows Sharing of Space & Data Segments

System, Data, Solutions

To be Placed at the Service of

The United Nations

To Better Fulfill their Commitments in the Post-2015 Framework

For Disaster Risk Reduction

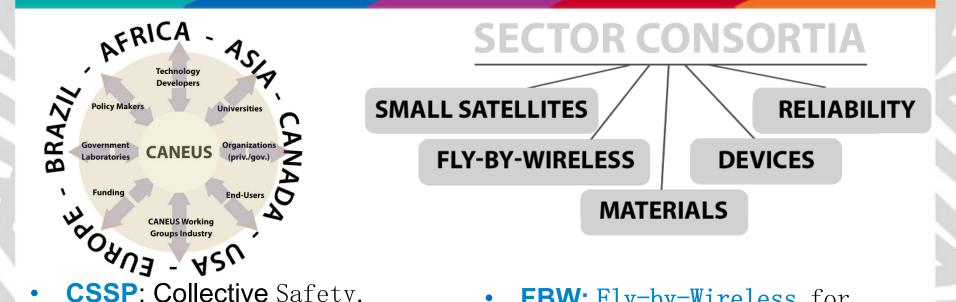
The CANEUS (CANada-EUrope-Americas-Asia-Africa) Network, founded in 1999

Serves to develop a common platform for space technology solutions

Over 15+ years, CANEUS has created PPP Consortia with Stakeholders worldwide

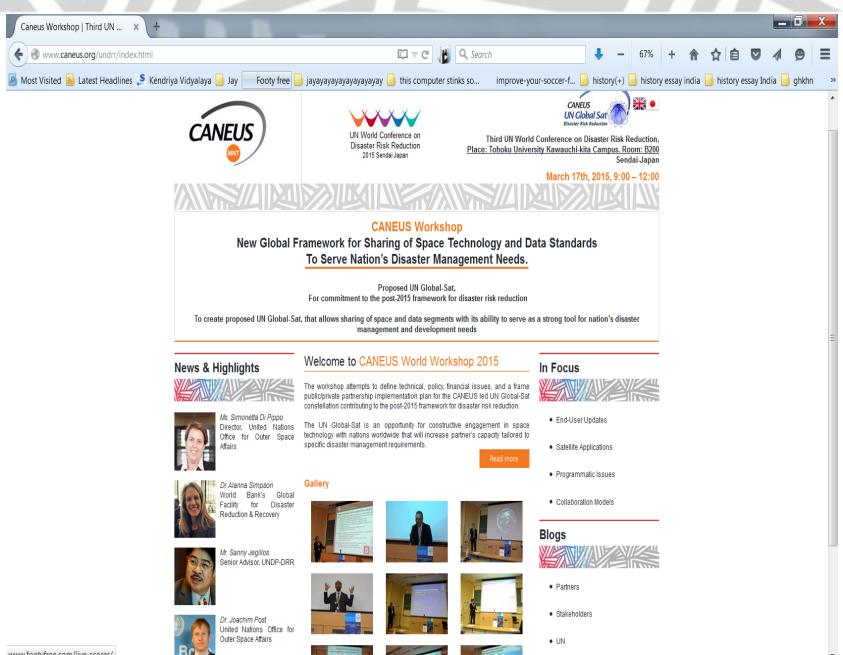
For Developing, Integrating and Testing Affordable Space Technology Solutions Through Sharing of Cost and Risk

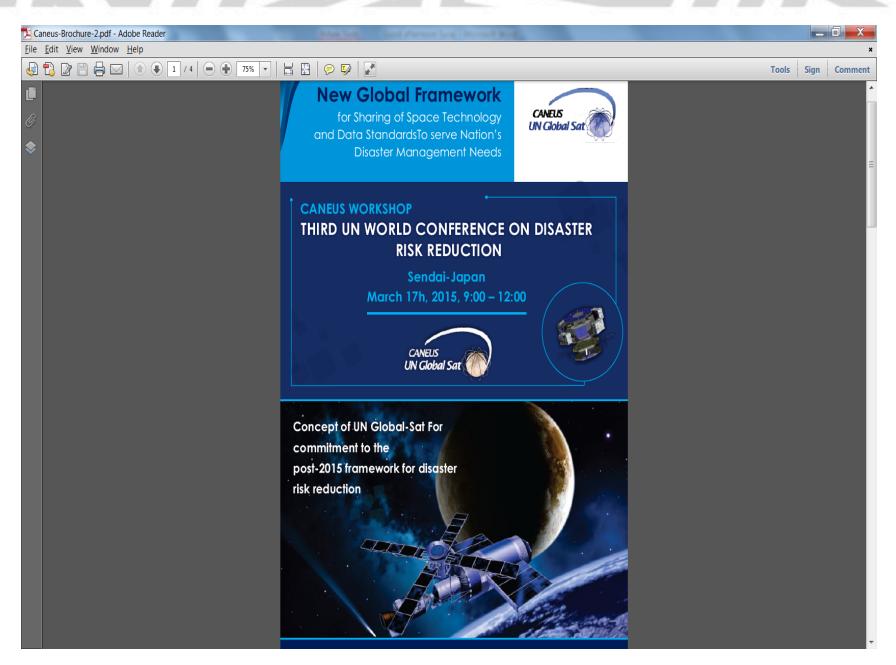
CANEUS' Consortia Success Examples



- CSSP: Collective Safety, Security & Prosperity using Shared Small Satellites in Africa, Middle-East, Americas, Arctic, etc.
- **SSTDM**: Small Satellites and Sensors for **D**isaster Management in India, etc.
- Data Demonstrations and Management in Africa, Asia, Oceania regions

- FBW: Fly-by-Wireless for Sustainment and New Aerospace Systems
- MNT: Micro-Nanotechnology for Aerospace and Energy Applications
- **CoE**: Centre for Excellence in Naotechnology, Energy
- NAVIN: Nano Materials and Sensors for Aerospace Vehicles





GlobalSat for DRR:

Opportunity and Implementation Path Forward

Opportunity:

- No global partnership to coordinate and organize all the disparate efforts for disaster and environmental monitoring through satellites
- Unique Opportunity Under UN Framework to address:
 - Data availability
 - End-to-end data flow: System of Systems
 - Near real-time Disaster alerts

Implementation Path:

- Formulate Global Collaborative Partnership
 - Seeking Guidance and Feedback to Realize the UN Vision

GlobalSat PPP Concept

- Common nano-satellite platform allows:

 - Data gathering system with the same telemetry and commanding Production in numbers that decreases overall cost and increases predictability of performance

 - Common ground segment Common launch interfact and tep Design tailored to specific requirem
 - Availability of spare's across all participants
 - Inter-satellite communication system
- Payloads built all over the world and dedicated to gather data:
 - Infrared
 - Visible
 - Panchromatic
 - Ground sensors data collection Synthetic Aperture Radar ADAPTABLE
- Platform / Payload Integration can be done in states that build the payloads
 - Secondary benefits for local economy
- All data collected and available state of the participating countries Leverage on each other

SCALABLE

GlobalSat Platform Under UN Framework

- Complements and different from existing efforts
- GlobalSat: A constellation of diverse instruments (hyperspectral, IR, SAR, etc..) and ability to do data exfiltration from sensors on the ground
- GlobalSat solution is part technical product and part educational and empowerment
 - Focus is on capacity building
- GlobalSat shall assimilate information of other space assets to enhance data processing and interpretation
 - e.g. Leverage on recent agreement between UNOOSA and DigitalGlobe
 - GlobalSat puts the local entities in the driving seat and empower them into a self-sustainable system for them to manage.
 - Current solutions usually put private companies on the driving seat.

GlobalSat Implementation Issues

Technical

- Suite of sensors and satellite system
- Common data and access
- Affordable
- Sustainable
- Adaptable
- Scalable
 - Expansion to sustain growing need and achieve global coverage (space and time)

Programmatic

- Accessibility:
 - low barrier of entry
- Accountability: to Serve Global Communities
- Program Management: Lean Effective Leadership
- Resources: Accomplish GlobalSat Vision
- Job Creation: In Global Communities
- Educational Imperative

GlobalSat Implementation Steps:

Primary Objective: Seek Stakeholder's Perspectives

Potential Models for Resources:

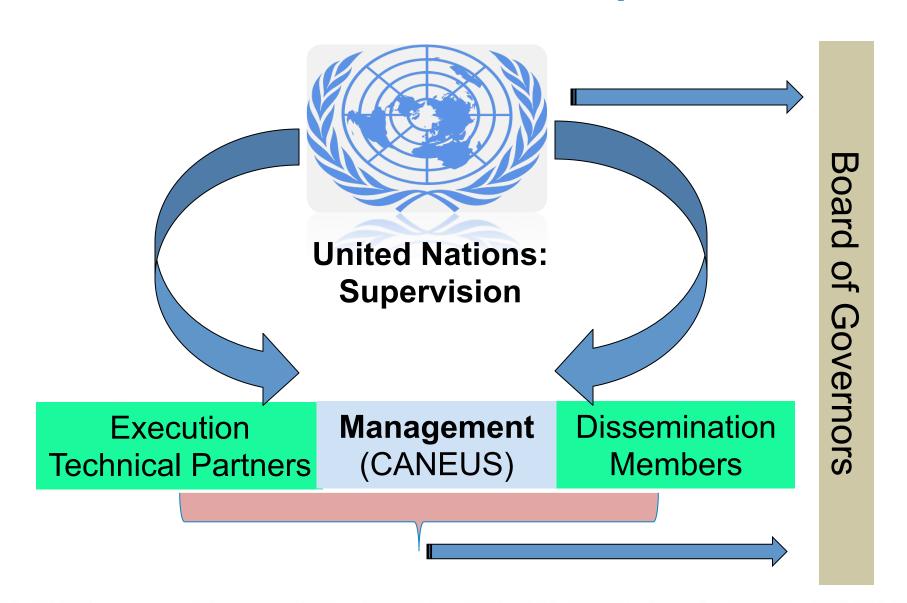
- Participating Countries Pool-in resources to address Application-Specific goals
 - Key Challenge: Potential Bureaucratic delays
- > Public-Private Partnership (PPP) Model:
 - Proven and Successful in Similar Endeavors
 - Large pool of pro-active foundations, & Individual

Balancing the needs and challenges

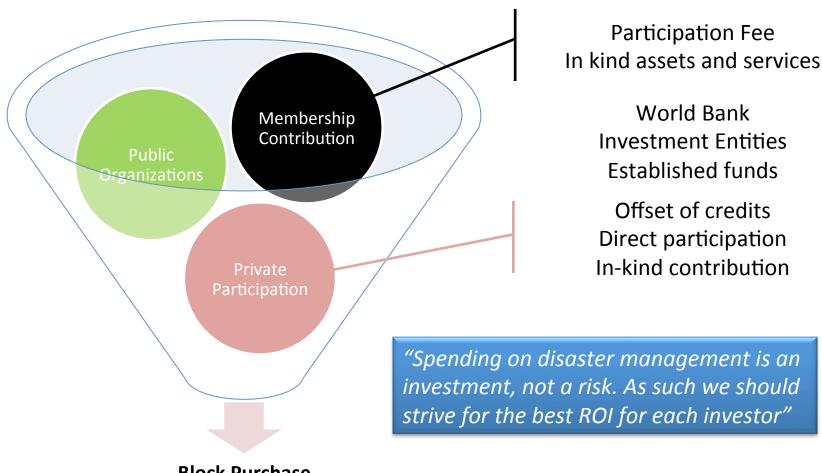
- Identify the Scope, limitations and complimentary features
- Clearly Articulate the broad programmatic issues

Primary Goal: Address end-users Needs and requirements

GlobalSat PPP Roles and Responsibilities



Potential PPP Financial Framework



Block Purchase
Infrastructures Availability
Free data

PPP Session expectations

Seeking input from participants:

- •What changes are needed to this PPP concept to address the global framework needs?
- •Which are the first countries / regions for PPP?
- •Who are the main PPP stakeholders to include in the formulation phase?
- Which are the best financial mechanisms to consider?



